

### **Chemotherapy Protocol**

#### **BREAST CANCER**

### **TRASTUZUMAB (21 day- Maintenance)**

#### Regimen

Breast Cancer – Trastuzumab (21 day-Maintenance)

### Indication

- Adjuvant treatment of breast cancer over expressing HER2
- Treatment of metastatic breast cancer over expressing HER2
- WHO Performance status 0, 1, 2

### **Toxicity**

Drug	Adverse Effect
Trastuzumab	Cardio toxicity, acute respiratory distress syndrome, infusion related effects.

The adverse effects listed are not exhaustive. Please refer to the relevant Summary of Product Characteristics for full details.

#### Monitoring

### Regimen

- HER2 status before initiating therapy
- Cardiac function must be assessed prior to starting trastuzumab. Thereafter
  in the adjuvant setting it should be assessed every 12 weeks unless there is
  clinical evidence of cardiac failure. In the metastatic setting cardiac function
  should be assessed every 12 weeks for 24 weeks then every 24 weeks
  thereafter, again, unless there is clinical evidence suggestive of cardiac
  failure
- Blood pressure prior to each trastuzumab administration
- FBC, U&Es and LFTs every 12 weeks in conjunction with cardiac monitoring

#### **Dose Modifications**

No dose modifications for haematological toxicity are necessary for trastuzumab. If treatment with trastuzumab is not tolerated it should be stopped.



Please discuss all dose reductions / delays with the relevant consultant before prescribing if appropriate. The approach may be different depending on the clinical circumstances. The following is a general guide only.

# Kidney Impairment

Drug	Recommendation	
Trastuzumab	No dose adjustment necessary	

# Liver Impairment

Drug	Recommendation	
Trastuzumab	No dose adjustment necessary	

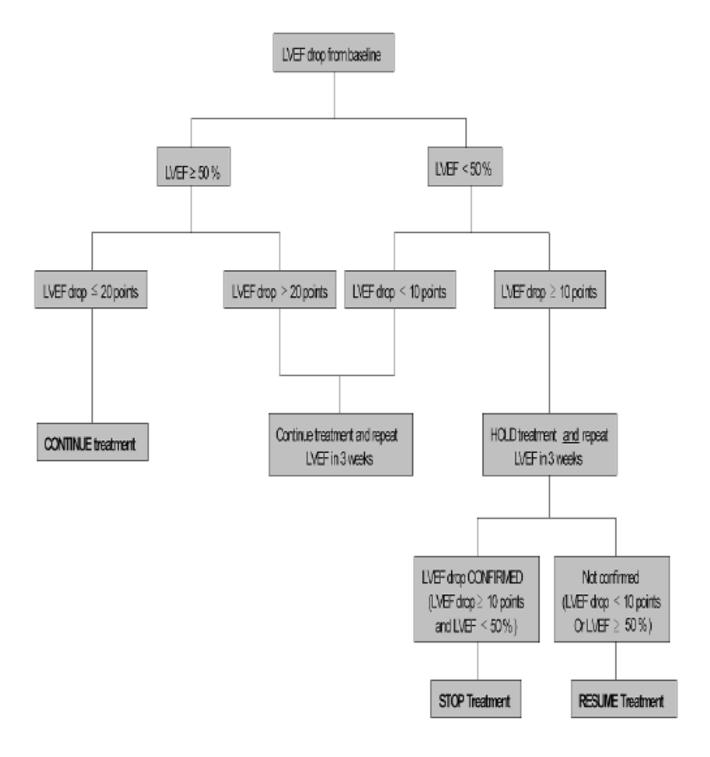
#### Cardiac

The LVEF should be forty or above before starting cycle one of trastuzumab.

# Subsequent Echocardiograms

The flow chart below describes the process to be followed if there is an **asymptomatic** decline in LVEF during trastuzumab treatment.





In general patients who develop **symptomatic** cardiac dysfunction should have trastuzumab discontinued, be commenced on ACE inhibitor therapy and be referred to a cardiologist. Further treatment should be discussed with the relevant oncology consultant.



#### Regimen

21 day cycle for 18 cycles in the adjuvant setting or until disease progression or intolerance in the metastatic setting (17 cycles will be set in Aria as the first cycle should be the loading dose)

Drug	Dose	Days	Administration	
Trastuzumab	6mg/kg	1	Intravenous infusion in 250ml sodium chloride 0.9% over minimum 30 minutes	

### **Dose Information**

- Trastuzumab will be dose rounded to the nearest 50mg (up if halfway)
- If the patient misses a dose of trastuzumab by fourteen days or less, then the
  usual maintenance dose of 6mg/kg should be given as soon as possible. Do
  not wait until the next planned cycle. Subsequent maintenance doses should
  be given according to the previous schedule
- If the patient misses a dose of trastuzumab by more than fourteen days, a reloading dose of 8mg/kg should be given over 90 minutes. Subsequent maintenance doses should then be given every 21 days from that point

#### **Administration Information**

- Trastuzumab is associated with hypersensitivity reactions. Patients should be
  observed for six hours following the start of the first infusion of trastuzumab
  and for two hours following the start of subsequent infusions. If the patient
  has tolerated the first two infusions with no infusion related effects
  consideration can be given to reducing this observation period further
- This regimen should only be used where the patient has had recent exposure to trastuzumab as the first infusion is over 30 minutes. If this is not the case the first infusion should be administered over 90 minutes.

### Extravasation

Trastuzumab - neutral

#### **Additional Therapy**

For treatment of trastuzumab infusion reactions 'once only when required' doses of the following should be prescribed;

- chlorphenamine 10mg intravenous
- hydrocortisone 100mg intravenous
- paracetamol 1000mg oral



### Coding

#### Maintenance doses

- Procurement X71.3
- Delivery X 72.3

#### References

- 1.NICE Technology appraisal guidance No. 34
- 2.Piccart-Gebhart MJ, Procter M, Leyland-Jones B et al. for the HERA trial study team. Trastuzumab after Adjuvant Chemotherapy in HER2-Positive Breast Cancer. N Engl J Med 2005;353:1659-72
- 3.Romond HE, Perez EA, Bryant J, et al. (2005) Trastuzumab plus Adjuvant Chemotherapy for Operable HER2 Positive Breast Cancer. N Engl J Med 2005;353:1673-84
- 4.AL Jones, M Barlow, PJ Barrett-Lee et al. Management of cardiac health in trastuzumab-treated patients with breast cancer: updated United Kingdom National Cancer Research Institute recommendations for monitoring. British Journal of Cancer 2009; 100:684-692
- 5.Vogel CL, Cobleigh MA, Tripathy D et al. Efficacy and safety of Trastuzumab as a single agent in first line treatment of HER2-overexpressing metastatic breast cancer. J Clin Oncol 2002; 2 (3): 719-26
- 6. Hoffmann La Roche. Clinical Trial Protocol Protocol Number BIG4-11/BO251261/TOC49396.



#### **REGIMEN SUMMARY**

# **Trastuzumab (21day-Maintenance)**

# **Day One**

- 1. Trastuzumab 6mg/kg intravenous infusion in 250ml sodium chloride 0.9% over 30 minutes
- 2. Chlorphenamine 10mg intravenous when required for infusion related reactions
- 3. Hydrocortisone 100mg intravenous when required for infusion related reactions
- 4. Paracetamol 1000mg oral when required for infusion related reactions



#### **DOCUMENT CONTROL**

Version	Date	Amendment	Written By	Approved By
1.1	August 2014	Header changed Toxicities removed Adverse effects tabulated Dose modification tabulated Regimen tabulated Bolus removed from intravenous bolus throughout text OPCS code updated Disclaimer added	Donna Kimber Pharmacy Technician	Dr Debbie Wright Pharmacist
1	Nov 2011	None	Anna Bunch Pharmacist Dr Debbie Wright Pharmacist	Dr Ellen Copson Cnsultant Medical Oncologist  Dr Caroline Archer Consultant Medical Oncologist

This chemotherapy protocol has been developed as part of the chemotherapy electronic prescribing project. This was and remains a collaborative project that originated from the former CSCCN. These documents have been approved on behalf of the following Trusts;

Hampshire Hospitals NHS Foundation Trust NHS Isle of Wight Portsmouth Hospitals NHS Trust Salisbury Hospital NHS Foundation Trust University Hospital Southampton NHS Foundation Trust Western Sussex Hospitals NHS Foundation Trust

All actions have been taken to ensure these protocols are correct. However, no responsibility can be taken for errors which occur as a result of following these guidelines