

## Chemotherapy Protocol

### MYELOMA

#### Carfilzomib-Dexamethasone (20)

##### Regimen

- Myeloma – Carfilzomib-Dexamethasone (20)

##### Indication

- Carfilzomib in combination with dexamethasone is an option for treating multiple myeloma in adults if the patient has had one previous therapy which did not include bortezomib.
- Treatment intent – disease modification
- WHO performance status 0, 1, 2

##### Toxicity

Drug	Adverse Effect
Carfilzomib	Anaemia, fatigue, diarrhoea, thrombocytopenia, nausea, pyrexia, dyspnoea, respiratory tract infection, cough and peripheral oedema, confusional states, herpes zoster infection
Dexamethasone	Weight gain, gastrointestinal disturbances, hyperglycaemia, CNS disturbances, cushingoid changes, glucose intolerance.

The adverse effects listed are not exhaustive. Please refer to the relevant Summary of Product Characteristics for full details.

##### Monitoring

- FBC, LFT and U&Es prior to day 1 of treatment
- Regular monitoring of blood glucose is considered good practice.

## Dose Modifications

The dose modifications listed are for haematological, liver and renal function and drug specific toxicities only. Dose adjustments may be necessary for other toxicities as well.

In principle all dose reductions due to adverse drug reactions should not be re-escalated in subsequent cycles without consultant approval. It is also a general rule for chemotherapy that if a third dose reduction is necessary treatment should be stopped.

Please discuss all dose reductions / delays with the relevant consultant before prescribing, if appropriate. The approach may be different depending on the clinical circumstances.

### *Haematological*

Dose modifications for haematological toxicity in the table below are for general guidance only. Always refer to the responsible consultant as any dose reductions or delays will be dependent on clinical circumstances and treatment intent. Low counts can be a consequence of bone marrow infiltration as well as drug toxicity. Consider blood transfusion if patient symptomatic of anaemia or has a haemoglobin of less than 8g/dL (80g/L).

Prior to starting a new cycle of treatment;

- neutrophils should be greater than or equal to  $1 \times 10^9/L$
- platelets should be greater than or equal to  $50 \times 10^9/L$
- non-haematological toxicity should resolve to NCI-CTC grade 1 or below or baseline

<b>Haematological dose modifications – Carfilzomib</b> <b>This table refers to toxicity during a cycle of treatment (nadir / mid cycle)</b>	
<b>Neutrophils</b>	<b>Dose</b>
Greater than or equal to $0.5 \times 10^9/L$	100%
Less than $0.5 \times 10^9/L$	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Withhold dose until neutrophils recover to <math>0.5 \times 10^9/L</math> or above</li> <li>1<sup>st</sup> occurrence: After neutrophil recovery restart at current dose level</li> <li>2<sup>nd</sup> occurrence: After neutrophil recovery restart and consider 1 dose level reduction (see table below)</li> </ul>
<b>Platelets</b>	<b>Dose</b>
Greater than $10 \times 10^9/L$	100%
Less than $10 \times 10^9/L$	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Withhold dose until the platelets are <math>10 \times 10^9/L</math> or above</li> <li>1<sup>st</sup> occurrence: After platelet recovery and / or bleeding controlled, continue at current dose level</li> <li>2<sup>nd</sup> occurrence: After platelet recovery and / or bleeding controlled, restart carfilzomib and consider 1 dose level reduction (see table below)</li> </ul>

### *Hepatic impairment*

Drug	Dose
Carfilzomib	No information available

### *Renal Impairment*

Renal dose modifications - Carfilzomib	
Renal function	Dose (% of original dose)
Creatinine greater than or equal to 2x baseline, and / or	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Withhold dose</li> <li>Restart carfilzomib when renal function has recovered to within 25% of baseline (consider 1 dose level reduction) – see table below.</li> </ul>
CrCl less than 15ml/min, and / or	
CrCl decreased to less than or equal to 50% of baseline	

### *Other*

Other non-haematological toxicity	Recommended action
Grade 3 or 4 toxicity	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Stop until toxicity resolved / returned to baseline</li> <li>Consider restarting at 1 dose level reduction</li> </ul>

Carfilzomib dose level reductions:*	Normal dose	1 <sup>st</sup> reduction	2 <sup>nd</sup> reduction	3 <sup>rd</sup> reduction
	56mg/m <sup>2</sup>	45mg/m <sup>2</sup>	36mg/m <sup>2</sup>	27mg/m <sup>2</sup>

\*Note: carfilzomib dose and dose reductions differ depending on regimen used.

Dose reductions or interruptions in therapy are not necessary for those toxicities that are considered unlikely to be serious or life threatening. For example, alopecia, altered taste or nail changes.

For all other non-haematological NCI-CTC toxicities refer to manufacturer information.

### [Carfilzomib](#)

### [Infusion reactions](#)

Infusion reactions, including life-threatening reactions, have been reported in patients who received carfilzomib. Symptoms may include fever, chills, arthralgia, myalgia, facial flushing, facial oedema, vomiting, weakness, shortness of breath, hypotension, syncope, chest tightness, or angina. These reactions can occur immediately following or up to 24 hours after

administration of carfilzomib. Dexamethasone should be administered prior to carfilzomib to reduce the incidence and severity of reactions.

Monitor for signs and symptoms of an infusion-related reaction. Interrupt or slow the rate of infusion in patients with mild or moderate infusion reactions and consider pre-medications prior to subsequent doses.

### [Dexamethasone](#)

Dose Level	Dose
2 (starting)	20mg
1	10mg

If recovery from toxicities is prolonged beyond 14 days, then the dose of dexamethasone will be decreased by one dose level.

Toxicity	Grade (NCI-CTC)	Dose modification
Dyspepsia	1 - 2	Maintain dose and treat with histamine (H <sub>2</sub> ) antagonist or proton pump inhibitor. Decrease by one dose level if symptoms persist.
	3 or above	Interrupt dose until symptoms are controlled. Add H <sub>2</sub> blocker or proton pump inhibitor and decrease one dose level when dose restarted.
Oedema	3 or above	Use diuretics as needed and decrease dose by one dose level.
Confusion or mood alteration	2 or above	Interrupt dose until symptoms resolve. When dose restarted decrease dose by one dose level.
Muscle weakness	2 or above	Interrupt dose until the muscle weakness is grade 1 or below. Restart with dose decreased by one level.
Hyperglycaemia	3 or above	Decrease dose by one dose level. Treat with insulin or oral hypoglycaemic agents as needed
Acute pancreatitis		Discontinue patient from dexamethasone treatment regimen.
Other	3 or above	Stop dexamethasone dosing until adverse event resolves to grade 2 or below. Resume with dose reduced by one level.

### [Regimen](#)

Warning, the day one dexamethasone is incorporated into the regimen as a dose to be administered prior to the carfilzomib by the nursing staff. If the day one carfilzomib is suspended for any reason the schedule of the dexamethasone may need to be adjusted and the administration instructions amended.

**28 day cycle until disease progression or intolerance occurs (12 cycles will be set in ARIA)**

Drug	Dose	Days	Administration
Carfilzomib (cycle 1)	20mg/m <sup>2</sup> (max 44mg)	1, 2	IV infusion in 100ml glucose 5% over 30 minutes
Carfilzomib (cycle 1)	56mg/m <sup>2</sup> (max 123mg)	8, 9, 15, 16	
Carfilzomib (cycles 2 onwards)	56mg/m <sup>2</sup> (max 123mg)	1, 2, 8, 9, 15, 16	
Dexamethasone	20mg	1, 2, 8, 9, 15, 16, 22, 23	Oral

### [Dose Information](#)

- Carfilzomib will be dose banded in accordance with the nationally agreed dose bands (2mg/ml)
- Carfilzomib will be dose capped at 2.2m<sup>2</sup>
- Dexamethasone is available as 500microgram, 2mg and 4mg tablets and as a 2mg/5ml oral liquid.

### [Administration Information](#)

- Dexamethasone should be taken in the morning, with or after food

### [Extravasation](#)

- Carfilzomib - neutral

### [Additional Therapy](#)

- No antiemetics are required.
- Carfilzomib pre-hydration with sodium chloride 0.9% 500ml over 30minutes
- Carfilzomib post hydration with sodium chloride 0.9% 500ml over 30 minutes
- For the treatment of carfilzomib related Infusion reactions
  - chlorphenamine 10mg intravenous injection once only when required for infusion related reactions
  - hydrocortisone 100mg intravenous when required for infusion related reactions
  - salbutamol 2.5mg nebule when required for related bronchospasm
  - paracetamol 1000mg oral once only when required for infusion related reactions
- Consider allopurinol 300mg oral once a day for seven days for the first cycle only

- Consider anti-infective prophylaxis including;
  - aciclovir 400mg twice a day oral
  - co-trimoxazole 960mg once a day oral on Monday, Wednesday and Friday only
  - fluconazole 50mg once a day oral
- Bisphosphonates in accordance with local policies.
- Mouthwashes according to local or national policy on the treatment of mucositis.
- Gastric protection with a proton pump inhibitor or a H<sub>2</sub> antagonist may be considered in patients considered at high risk of GI ulceration or bleed.

#### Coding

- Procurement – X71.3
- Delivery – X72.2

#### References

1. National Institute of Health and Clinical Excellence. NICE Technology Appraisal guidance [TA457]. Carfilzomib for previously treated multiple myeloma. 19<sup>th</sup> July 2017. Available from: <https://www.nice.org.uk/guidance/ta457>
2. Electronic medicines compendium - Kypolis summary of product characteristics. Last updated April 2018. Available from: <https://www.medicines.org.uk/emc/product/5061#POSODOLOGY>

## REGIMEN SUMMARY

### Carfilzomib-Dexamethasone (20)

#### Cycle 1, Day 1, 2

1. Dexamethasone 20mg oral 30 minutes prior to the carfilzomib  
Administration Instructions  
Administer at least 30 minutes and up to four hours prior to the start of the carfilzomib infusion
2. Sodium chloride 0.9% 500ml intravenous infusion over 30 minutes
3. Carfilzomib 20mg/m<sup>2</sup> (maximum 44mg) intravenous infusion in 100ml glucose 5% over 30 minutes
4. Sodium chloride 0.9% 500ml intravenous infusion over 30 minutes
5. Chlorphenamine 10mg intravenous injection once only when required for infusion related reactions.
6. Hydrocortisone 100mg intravenous injection once only when required for infusion related reactions
7. Salbutamol 2.5mg nebule once only when required for infusion related bronchospasm
8. Paracetamol 1000mg oral once only when required for infusion related reactions  
Administration Instructions  
Please check if the patient has taken paracetamol. Maximum dose is 4g per 24 hours. There should be 4 hours between doses

#### Cycle 1, Day 8, 9, 15, 16

9. Dexamethasone 20mg oral 30 minutes prior to the carfilzomib  
Administration Instructions  
Administer at least 30 minutes and up to four hours prior to the start of the carfilzomib infusion
10. Sodium chloride 0.9% 500ml intravenous infusion over 30 minutes
11. Carfilzomib 56mg/m<sup>2</sup> (maximum 123 mg) intravenous infusion in 100ml glucose 5% over 30 minutes
12. Sodium chloride 0.9% 500ml intravenous infusion over 30 minutes
13. Chlorphenamine 10mg intravenous injection once only when required for infusion related reactions.
14. Hydrocortisone 100mg intravenous injection once only when required for infusion related reactions
15. Salbutamol 2.5mg nebule once only when required for infusion related bronchospasm
16. Paracetamol 1000mg oral once only when required for infusion related reactions  
Administration Instructions  
Please check if the patient has taken paracetamol. Maximum dose is 4g per 24 hours. There should be 4 hours between doses

## Take home medicines (Cycle 1 Day 1 only)

### 17. Dexamethasone 20mg once a day on day 22, 23 oral

#### Administration Information

Please supply two doses of dexamethasone on day 1 of the cycle, ONE dose to be taken on day 22 and on day 23 of the cycle once a day in the morning.

Take with or after food.

### 18. Co-trimoxazole 960mg once a day on Monday, Wednesday and Friday for 28 days oral

#### Administration Instructions

Co-trimoxazole 960mg once a day on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays. Please supply 28 days. This may be dispensed as 480mg twice a day on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays according to local practice.

### 19. Aciclovir 400mg twice a day for 28 days oral

#### Administration Instructions

Please supply 28 days or an original pack if appropriate

### 20. Allopurinol 300mg once a day for 7 days oral

#### Administration Instructions

Take with or after food with plenty of water. Please supply 7 days.

### 21. Gastric Protection

#### Administration Instructions

The choice of gastric protection is dependent on local formulary choice and may include:

- esomeprazole 20mg once a day oral
- omeprazole 20mg once a day oral
- lansoprazole 15mg once a day oral
- pantoprazole 20mg once a day oral
- rabeprazole 20mg once a day oral
- cimetidine 400mg twice a day oral
- famotidine 20mg once a day oral
- nizatidine 150mg twice a day oral
- ranitidine 150mg twice a day oral

Please dispense 28 days or nearest original pack size.

## Cycles 2 - 12, Days 1, 2, 8, 9, 15, 16

### 22. Dexamethasone 20mg oral 30 minutes prior to the carfilzomib

#### Administration Instructions

Administer at least 30 minutes and up to four hours prior to the start of the carfilzomib infusion

### 23. Carfilzomib 56mg/m<sup>2</sup> (maximum 123mg) intravenous infusion in 100ml glucose 5% over 30 minutes

### 24. Chlorphenamine 10mg intravenous injection once only when required for infusion related reactions.

### 25. Hydrocortisone 100mg intravenous injection once only when required for infusion related reactions

### 26. Salbutamol 2.5mg nebule once only when required for infusion related bronchospasm

### 27. Paracetamol 1000mg oral once only when required for infusion related reactions

#### Administration Instructions

Please check if the patient has taken paracetamol. Maximum dose is 4g per 24 hours. There should be 4 hours between doses



## Take home medicines (Cycles 2-12, Day 1 only)

### 28. Dexamethasone 20mg once a day on day 22 and 23 oral

#### Administration Information

Please supply two doses of dexamethasone on day 1 of the cycle, ONE dose to be taken on day 22 and on day 23 of the cycle, once a day in the morning

Take with or after food.

### 29. Co-trimoxazole 960mg once a day on Monday, Wednesday and Friday for 28 days oral

#### Administration Instructions

Co-trimoxazole 960mg once a day on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays. Please supply 28 days. This may be dispensed as 480mg twice a day on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays according to local practice.

### 30. Aciclovir 400mg twice a day for 28 days oral

#### Administration Instructions

Please supply 28 days or an original pack if appropriate

### 31. Gastric Protection

#### Administration Instructions

The choice of gastric protection is dependent on local formulary choice and may include:

- esomeprazole 20mg once a day oral
- omeprazole 20mg once a day oral
- lansoprazole 15mg once a day oral
- pantoprazole 20mg once a day oral
- rabeprazole 20mg once a day oral
- cimetidine 400mg twice a day oral
- famotidine 20mg once a day oral
- nizatidine 150mg twice a day oral
- ranitidine 150mg twice a day oral

Please dispense 28 days or nearest original pack size.

## DOCUMENT CONTROL

Version	Date	Amendment	Written By	Approved By
1	January 2019	None	Stuart Martin Pharmacist  Dr Deborah Wright Pharmacist	Dr Mathew Jenner Consultant Haematologist

This chemotherapy protocol has been developed as part of the chemotherapy electronic prescribing project. This was and remains a collaborative project that originated from the former CSCCN. These documents have been approved on behalf of the following Trusts;

Hampshire Hospitals NHS Foundation Trust  
 NHS Isle of Wight  
 Portsmouth Hospitals NHS Trust  
 Salisbury Hospitals NHS Foundation Trust  
 University Hospital Southampton NHS Foundation Trust  
 Western Sussex Hospitals NHS Foundation Trust

All actions have been taken to ensure these protocols are correct. However, no responsibility can be taken for errors that occur as a result of following these guidelines. These protocols should be used in conjunction with other references such as the Summary of Product Characteristics and relevant published papers.