

PRACTICE LEARNING ENVIRONMENT PROFILE

Learning Environment (Care Group): RADIOLOGY

Division: D

GENERAL INFORMATION

Education lead	Phillipa Williams	
Contact details	Phillipa.williams@uhs.nhs.uk	
UHS VALUES	PATIENTS FIRST WORKING TOGETHER ALWAYS IMPROVING Please reflect on what these values mean to YOU	

USEFUL LINKS



INDUCTION INFORMATION

Trust induction	As a student, a specific placement induction is organised. Please ensure completion of any relevant items in your practice assessment document linked to induction/orientation. 1 st day induction and orientation: learning objectives and assessments are discussed, learner contract is agreed and signed off, and any pastoral issues/identified risks are discussed on a one-to-one basis. A risk assessment may be undertaken if health issues are identified.
Orientation / useful	See Induction Pack (this will be sent to you by the Education team before your placement starts)
documents	
Expectations	 Professional behaviour
	 Willing to learn
	Punctuality
	 Represent university and UHS
	 Adherence to appearance policy (below)
	 Wear ID badge at all times
	 Expected to do all types of shifts
	 Ensure contacted clinical area for details of assigned mentor prior to placement

PROFILE

WARD / AREA	SERVICE & CLIENT GROUP	LOCATION
Emergency Department	This is a 24hr service, part of the UHS Major Trauma Centre providing adult and paediatric trauma radiography emergency and general theatre imaging. There are 3 DR x-ray rooms, DR mobiles and a fleet of image intensifiers	East Wing, C level, SGH
Main x-ray department	Provides planar imaging for inpatients and outpatients Fluoroscopy and mobile radiography for adult in-patients and out- patients. There are 5 DR X-ray rooms, 2 state of the art digital fluoroscopy rooms, and a fleet of DR mobiles.	Centre Block, C level,
Interventional Radiology.	Interventional services - a wide range of complex vascular, non-vascular and oncology procedures in 2 Siemens interventional labs in additional to a Hybrid Lab. The unit is the cancer centre and major vascular hub within the region.	C'Level

Royal South Hants	Satellite hospital providing services to outpatient clinics and GP referrals has 4DR x-ray rooms.	Royal South Hants Hospital.
Children's x-ray	There are 3 DR rooms, a fluoroscopy room, and an ultrasound room, and a satellite x-ray room in the purpose-built Children's ED. There is a fleet of DR mobiles and image intensifiers to provide radiography on the wards and in theatres.	Centre Block, C level and Children's ED
Cross sectional imaging	There are currently 6 CT and 5 MRI scanners providing services including major trauma, oncology and MSK.	C level (multiple areas) and B level
Cardiothoracic	Catheter Lab providing cardiac services including pacemaker ablations stents and TABI.	E level & F level
Nuclear Medicine	2x SPECT CT cameras providing a full range of diagnostic tests. In vitro lab for GFR testing. Molecular Radiotherapy.	D level
Ultrasound	In patient and outpatient services 6 rooms on C'level. 2 at RSH	C level
Additional Learning opportunities.	Lithotripsy, DR Dental Imaging room- Xograph. Specialist Neuro radiography	Various Locations.

LEARNER INFORMATION

Work pattern (shifts, start and finish	Students are supervised at all times. They are expected to work Monday to Friday and can
times)	work hours between 0730 to 2200 as rostered by the Link Team.
	Out-of-hours sessions: Year 1: some weekend day and/or evening shifts
	Year 2: w/e days; some evenings to 22:00
	Year 3: various hours including nights by agreement with Link
IT and resources	Medical Library: South Academic Block (A level), open Mon–Thurs, 08:30-21:30, Fri until
	18:00, also weekend days
	Radiography reference texts in main and ED x-ray departments
Staff room / rest room facilities	Main dept staff room as required. Students to provide their own tea, coffee and milk.
	Changing room facilities and limited number of student lockers are available.
Common conditions and	Trauma, musculoskeletal conditions, urological, oncology, gerontological and paediatric
assessments	pathology
Common procedures and expertise	All types of conventional imaging especially Trauma and Orthopaedics
	GI and urological fluoroscopy
	Theatre and mobile radiography
	Limited MR and CT

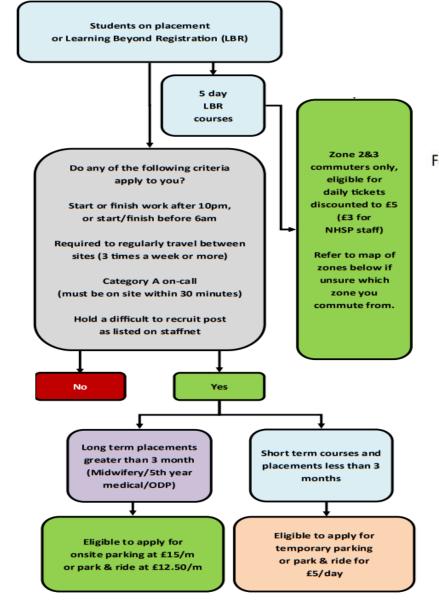
	Limited US and Nuclear medicine
Glossary of terms	Full details when in practice.
Abbreviations and short terms	Full details when in practice.
Specific learning opportunities and	 Technique Workshops
multiprofessional working	 Seminars & lectures
opportunities	 Clinical Supervision
	 UHS portal
	 Continual assessment & workbook completion
	 Education ½ days
	 Multidisciplinary team working
Recommended reading prior to	As per the University of Portsmouth's curriculum
placement	

APPEARANCE

REQUIRED STANDARD	RATIONALE
Clothes/designated uniform: All clothes/uniform should	Professional appearance.
be smart and in good repair. An overall professional appearance which cannot be deemed offensive to patients, colleagues and the public should be maintained e.g. no low necklines, bare midriffs, very short skirts or potentially offensive slogans or tattoos. No denim, leggings, flip flops or strappy vest tops to be worn. The only exception to these standards for clinical environments is where health and safety legislation require a person to wear specialist protective clothing for health and safety purposes.	Health and safety regulations
Hair: Must be clean, neat, and tidy and tied back off the face and off the collar. Hair must not be able to fall forward onto patients. Hair accessories and fastenings should be discreet. Any headwear worn for religious purposes should be clean and laundered daily and should be in keeping	Potential for wound contamination from loose hair. Providing hair is clean and tidy the risk of dispersal is minimal. When hair is touched micro- organisms on the hands will transfer to the hair and from hair to hands, potentially increasing risk of infection to staff.
with the overall corporate appearance.	
Fingernails: Must be clean and short. Nail varnish, acrylic nails and false nails must NOT be worn.	To avoid transferring bacteria under the fingernails. Reduces the risk of trauma when involved in direct patient contact.
Jewellery: Rings: Only one plain metal band ring may be worn. Watches: No wristwatches are to be worn in any clinical environment. Necklaces: No necklaces are to be worn in the clinical environment. Medic-alert jewellery is not to be worn on the wrist (but could be attached	jewellery may be hazardous for the following reasons: Jewellery, even plain gold bands (wedding rings) have been shown to colonise with micro-organisms (Hoffman et al 1985) Rings with stones are hazardous and may cause trauma to patients Stones in jewellery may become

to uniform) and must be cleanable, plain and discreet.	dislodged Jewellery that is hanging e.g. necklaces, could be dangerous to staff and patients in potentially violent situations Appropriate hand washing techniques are prevented by the wearing of wristwatches
Piercings: Earrings: one pair of small plain metal studs only should be worn. All new visible body piercings must be covered with a blue plaster until the wound has healed. No other visible piercings are allowed.	New wounds shed high levels of bacteria. Professional appearance is important for patient confidence. Food hygiene regulations
ID Badge: As for all staff Trust ID Badges must be worn at all times in a clearly visible	To conform to Trust Security Policy
Footwear: Must be clean, plain, low heeled, non-porous, enclosed and in a good state of repair and ideally have a non slip tread. Shoe style and colour must be in keeping with the overall uniform style. Only staff wearing scrubs may wear white/black shoes/clogs or 'crocks' (without holes). Theatre footwear may be of various colours Footwear for ward based staff should be soft soled to reduce the level of noise particularly at night. In some areas protective footwear must be worn (as detailed in local policies).	Shoes in a poor state of repair and those with no tread are a safety risk. Staff working in a clinical area must take noise issues into account regarding their footwear. It cannot be decontaminated, and/or does not provide adequate protection from spillages and dropped equipment Health and Safety statutory requirement.
Belts/Epaulettes: Belts should not be worn when involved in direct patient contact/care. Epaulettes should be clean and laundered at least weekly	Risk of trauma to patients. Ease of movement for staff. Reduces risk of cross-infection.
Tights/Stockings/Socks : If not wearing trousers, tights must be worn and be plain black or natural colour. In the case of extreme hot weather, deviations from this policy will be communicated to staff by the appropriate authorising manager / professional lead.	To promote a professional appearance.
Designated uniform: Must be changed daily and laundered at 60 C and ironed prior to wearing.	Reduces the risk of cross-infection. Care of Linen Policy. Professional appearance and patient confidence.
Makeup and Perfume: Discreet makeup may be worn. Perfume and aftershaves must be subtle	To promote a professional appearance. For patient and colleagues comfort.
Additional garments e.g. fleece/cardigan: must not be worn when delivering direct patient care. Fleece/cardigans that are worn must be of a plain dark colour, must not have any non Trust logo's and be of smart appearance. Theatre jackets may be worn when the environmental temperature is low (e.g. cardiac) but must be removed if direct patient care is involved.	Reduces the risk of cross-infection
Personal Hygiene: Staff must ensure their appearance is clean, tidy and they are free from body odour when they are at work.	To promote a professional appearance. For patient and colleagues comfort

PARKING



For the list of hard to recruit roles, please search "Staff car parking and permits" on staffnet, or contact Travelwise on Travelwise@uhs.nhs.uk or 023 8120 4133

