## **Patient information factsheet**

# **Extensor tendon injury**

We have given you this factsheet because you have sustained an extensor tendon injury. It explains what extensor tendons are and how to care for your hand while it recovers. We hope it will help to answer some of the questions you may have. If you have any further questions or concerns, please speak to a member of our team.

#### What are extensor tendons?

Tendons are tough cords of tissue that connect muscles to bones. Extensor tendons run from your forearm across the back of your hand to your fingers and thumb, allowing you to straighten your fingers and thumb.

### Recovery

You have had an operation to repair your damaged tendons. It will take around 12 weeks for them to heal fully. During this time, there is a risk that the tendons could rupture (break) and your wrist and fingers could become stiff. To reduce this risk, we will give you a thermoplastic splint to protect the tendons. You should wear your splint all the time, until we agree that you can remove it.

## **Recovery guidelines**

These are guidelines only. We will help and advise you at every stage of your recovery.

#### Days after operation

## First five days

Do not use your hand. A nurse will check your wound, and we will give you a thermoplastic splint. We may also give you exercises for your fingers.

#### Ten to fourteen days

A nurse will check your wound and remove your stitches. With our advice, you can start to massage your scar. You can also begin to carefully wash your hand.

#### Four weeks

We will give you additional exercises for your fingers and wrist. You can remove the splint during these exercises.

#### Six weeks

You can begin to use your hand for light function out of splints, such as eating, dressing and writing. Do not use your hand to push or lift heavy objects.

You must wear the splint for protection when you are at risk of injury, for example, when you are sleeping, travelling or in crowded places. We will advise when you can return to work for light duties.

## **Eight weeks**

At this stage, you should be able to discard the splint and increase functional use of your hand. You can return to work. Do not take on heavy duties or lifting.

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#### Ten weeks

You can return to manual work and driving (if safe).

#### Twelve weeks

You can return to contact sports.

## **Exercise guidelines**

The repaired tendons may stick to tissue in your hand as they heal. It's important to exercise your fingers in a controlled way to prevent this happening. We will give you a personalised exercise programme to help with your recovery.

Don't use your injured hand for anything but the exercises we instruct you to do.

Don't move your wrist until we advise you to do so.

#### **Exercises**

- 1. Lift your arm above your head regularly to keep your shoulder moving.
- 2. Bend and straighten your elbow regularly to keep your elbow moving.

Repea	at	times	every	hour.

#### **Splint care**

As instructed, you must wear your splint at all times (night and day) to protect your repaired tendons. When bathing or showering, place a plastic bag over the splint to keep it dry.

#### Contact us

Therapist:

Southampton SO16 6YD

lf١	you have an	v problems	with the s	plint, or any	v other a	uestions or	concerns.	please	contact	US.
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Date:

Hand therapy team	
Therapy outpatients	
B level	
West Wing	
Southampton General Hospital	
Tremona Road	

Telephone: 023 8120 6459

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